Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program Final Rule Federal Register, Vol. 80, No. 28, 7704-7767

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<u>Final Regulation</u> Federal Register, Vol. 80, No. 28	*Note: Effective July 1, 2016 the Administration for Community Living (ACL) consolidated their regulations into one subchapter resulting in the LTCOP rule number changing from 45 CFR 1327 to 45 CFR 1324. We are in the process of revising our resources to reflect that change. Information about the consolidation is available <u>here</u> .
PART 1321 – GRANTS TO STATE AND COMMUNITY PROGRAMS ON	
AGING	
§1324.21 Conflicts of Interest	
The State agency and the Ombudsman shall consider both the	
organizational and individual conflicts of interest that may impact	
the effectiveness and credibility of the work of the Office. In so	
doing, both the State agency and the Ombudsman shall be	
responsible to identify actual and potential conflicts and, where a	
conflict has been identified, to remove or remedy such conflict as set	
forth in paragraphs (b) and (d) of this section.	
(a) Identification of organizational conflicts. In identifying conflicts of	
interest pursuant to section 712(f) of the Act, the State agency and	
the Ombudsman shall consider the organizational conflicts that may	
impact the effectiveness and credibility of the work of the Office.	
Organizational conflicts of interest include, but are not limited to,	
placement of the Office, or requiring that an Ombudsman or	
representative of the Office perform conflicting activities, in an	
organization that:	
(1) Is responsible for licensing, surveying, or certifying long-term	
care facilities;	

 (2) Is an association (or an affiliate of such an association) of long-term care facilities, or of any other residential facilities for older individuals or individuals with disabilities; (3) Has any ownership or investment interest (represented by equity, debt, or other financial relationship) in, or receives grants or donations from, a long-term care facility; (4) Has governing board members with any ownership, investment or employment interest in long-term care facilities; (5) Provides long-term care to residents of long-term care facilities, including the provision of personnel for long-term care facilities or the operation of programs which control access to or services for long-term care facilities; (6) Provides long-term care facilities; (7) Sets reimbursement rates for long- term care facilities; (8) Provides adult protective services; (9) Is responsible for eligibility determinations regarding Medicaid or other public benefits for residents of long-term care facilities; 	
or other public benefits for residents of long-term care facilities; (10) Conducts preadmission screening for long-term care facility	
placements; (11) Makes decisions regarding admission or discharge of	
individuals to or from long-term care facilities; or	
(12) Provides guardianship, conservatorship or other fiduciary or	
surrogate decision-making services for residents of long-term care	
facilities	
(b) <i>Removing or remedying organizational conflicts</i> .	
The State agency and the Ombudsman shall identify and take steps to remove or remedy conflicts of interest between the Office and the	
State agency or other agency carrying out the Ombudsman program. (1) The Ombudsman shall identify organizational conflicts of interest	
in the Ombudsman program and describe steps taken to remove or	
remedy conflicts within the annual report submitted to the Assistant	
Secretary through the National Ombudsman Reporting System.	
(2) Where the Office is located within or otherwise organizationally	
attached to the State agency, the State agency shall:	
(i) Take reasonable steps to avoid internal conflicts of interest;	
(ii) Establish a process for review and identification of internal	
conflicts;	

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(iii) Take steps to remove or remedy conflicts;
(iv) Ensure that no individual, or member of the immediate family
of an individual, involved in the designating, appointing,
otherwise selecting or terminating the Ombudsman is subject to a
conflict of interest; and
(v) Assure that the Ombudsman has disclosed such conflicts and
described steps taken to remove or remedy conflicts within the
annual report submitted to the Assistant Secretary through the
National Ombudsman Reporting System.
(3) Where a State agency is unable to adequately remove or remedy
a conflict, it shall carry out the Ombudsman program by contract or
other arrangement with a public agency or nonprofit private
organization, pursuant to section 712(a)(4) of the Act. The State
agency may not enter into a contract or other arrangement to carry
out the Ombudsman program if the other entity, and may not
operate the Office directly if it:
(i) Is responsible for licensing, surveying, or certifying long-term
care facilities;
(ii) Is an association (or an affiliate of such an association) of long-
term care facilities, or of any other residential facilities for older
individuals or individuals with disabilities; or
(iii) Has any ownership, operational, or investment interest
(represented by equity, debt, or other financial relationship) in a
long-term care facility.
(4) Where the State agency carries out the Ombudsman program by
contract or other arrangement with a public agency or nonprofit
private organization, pursuant to section 712(a)(4) of the Act, the
State agency shall:
(i) Prior to contracting or making another arrangement, take
reasonable steps to avoid conflicts of interest in such agency or
organization which is to carry out the Ombudsman program and
to avoid conflicts of interest in the State agency's oversight of the
contract or arrangement;
(ii) Establish a process for periodic review and identification of
conflicts;
(iii) Establish criteria for approval of steps taken by the agency or
organization to remedy or remove conflicts;

(iv) Require that such agency or organization have a process in	
place to:	
(A) Take reasonable steps to avoid conflicts of interest, and	
(B) Disclose identified conflicts and steps taken to remove or	
remedy conflicts to the State agency for review and approval.	
(5) Where an agency or organization carrying out the Ombudsman	
program by contract or other arrangement develops a conflict and is	
unable to adequately remove or remedy a conflict, the State agency	
shall either operate the Ombudsman program directly or by contract	
or other arrangement with another public agency or nonprofit	
private organization. The State agency shall not enter into such	
contract or other arrangement with an agency or organization which	
is responsible for licensing or certifying long-term care facilities in	
the state or is an association (or affiliate of such an association) of	
long-term care facilities.	
(6) Where local Ombudsman entities provide Ombudsman services,	
the Ombudsman shall:	
(i) Prior to designating or renewing designation, take reasonable	
steps to avoid conflicts of interest in any agency which may host a	
local Ombudsman entity.	
(ii) Establish a process for periodic review and identification of	
conflicts of interest with the local Ombudsman entity in any	
agencies hosting a local Ombudsman entity,	
(iii) Require that such agencies disclose identified conflicts of	
interest with the local Ombudsman entity and steps taken to	
remove or remedy conflicts within such agency to the	
Ombudsman,	
(iv) Establish criteria for approval of steps taken to remedy or	
remove conflicts in such agencies, and	
(v) Establish a process for review of and criteria for approval of	
plans to remove or remedy conflicts with the local Ombudsman	
entity in such agencies.	
(7) Failure of an agency hosting a local Ombudsman entity to disclose	
a conflict to the Office or inability to adequately remove or remedy a	
conflict shall constitute grounds for refusal, suspension or removal of	
designation of the local Ombudsman entity by the Ombudsman.	
(c) Identifying individual conflicts of interest.	

(1) In identifying conflicts of interact pursuant to section 712/f) of	
(1) In identifying conflicts of interest pursuant to section 712(f) of	
the Act, the State agency and the Ombudsman shall consider	
individual conflicts that may impact the effectiveness and credibility of the work of the office.	
(2) Individual conflicts of interest for an Ombudsman,	
representatives of the Office, and members of their immediate	
family include, but are not limited to:	
(i) Direct involvement in the licensing or certification of a long-	
term care facility;	
(ii) Ownership, operational, or investment interest (represented	
by equity, debt, or other financial relationship) in an existing or	
proposed long-term care facility;	
(iii) Employment of an individual by, or participation in the	
management of, a long-term care facility in the service area or by	
the owner or operator of any long-term care facility in the service	
area;	
(iv) Receipt of, or right to receive, directly or indirectly,	
remuneration (in cash or in kind) under a compensation	
arrangement with an owner or operator of a long-term care	
facility;	
(v) Accepting gifts or gratuities of significant value from a long-	
term care facility or its management, a resident or a resident	
representative of a long-term care facility in which the	
Ombudsman or representative of the Office provides services	
(except where there is a personal relationship with a resident or	
resident representative which is separate from the individual's	
role as Ombudsman or representative of the Office);	
(vi) Accepting money or any other consideration from anyone	
other than the Office, or an entity approved by the Ombudsman,	
for the performance of an act in the regular course of the duties	
of the Ombudsman or the representatives of the Office without	
Ombudsman approval;	
(vii) Serving as guardian, conservator or in another fiduciary or	
surrogate decision-making capacity for a resident of a long-term	
care facility in which the Ombudsman or representative of the	
Office provides services; and	
(viii) Serving residents of a facility in which an immediate family	
member resides.	

(d) Removing or remedying individual conflicts.	
(1) The State agency or Ombudsman shall develop and implement	
policies and procedures, pursuant to § 1324.11(e)(4), to ensure that	
no Ombudsman or representatives of the Office are required or	
permitted to hold positions or perform duties that would constitute	
a conflict of interest as set forth in § 1324.21(c). This rule does not	
prohibit a State agency or Ombudsman from having policies or	
procedures that exceed these requirements.	
(2) When considering the employment or appointment of an	
individual as the Ombudsman or as a representative of the Office,	
the State agency or other employing or appointing entity shall:	
(i) Take reasonable steps to avoid employing or appointing an	
individual who has an unremedied conflict of interest or who has	
a member of the immediate family with an unremedied conflict of	
interest;	
(ii) Take reasonable steps to avoid assigning an individual to	
perform duties which would constitute an unremedied conflict of	
interest;	
(iii) Establish a process for periodic review and identification of	
conflicts of the Ombudsman and representatives of the Office,	
and	
(iv) Take steps to remove or remedy conflicts.	
(3) In no circumstance shall the entity, which appoints or employs	
the Ombudsman, appoint or employ an individual as the	
Ombudsman who:	
(i) Has direct involvement in the licensing or certification of a	
long-term care facility;	
(ii) Has an ownership or investment interest (represented by	
equity, debt, or other financial relationship) in a long- term care	
facility. Divestment within a reasonable period may be considered	
an adequate remedy to this conflict;	
(iii) Has been employed by or participating in the management of	
a long-term care facility within the previous twelve months.	
(iv) Receives, or has the right to receive, directly or indirectly,	
remuneration (in cash or in kind) under a compensation	
arrangement with an owner or operator of a long-term care	
facility.	

 (4) In no circumstance shall the State agency, other agency which carries out the Office, or an agency hosting a local Ombudsman entity appoint or employ an individual, nor shall the Ombudsman designate an individual, as a representative of the Office who: (i) Has direct involvement in the licensing or certification of a long-term care facility; (ii) Has an ownership or investment interest (represented by equity, debt, or other financial relationship) in a long- term care facility. Divestment within a reasonable period may be considered an adequate remedy to this conflict; (iii) Receives, directly or indirectly, remuneration (in cash or in kind) under a compensation arrangement with an owner or operator of a long-term care facility; or (iv) Is employed by, or participating in the management of, a long-term care facility. 	
term care facility. (A) An agency which appoints or employs representatives of the	
Office shall make efforts to avoid appointing or employing an individual as a representative of the Office who has been employed	
by or participating in the management of a long-term care facility within the previous twelve months	
(B) Where such individual is appointed or employed, the agency shall take steps to remedy the conflict.	